

Irrigation Scheme Development

Tasmanian Irrigation has three development criteria that each scheme must meet:



It must be economically viable.

Based on the region's existing agricultural activities, each scheme must demonstrate that it will generate more wealth at the farm gate than the combined costs of construction and



It must be environmentally sustainable.

Tasmanian Irrigation's demands for minimal environmental impact of schemes at all stages of construction through operation, exceed the requirements of local, state and national regulations.



There must be a social licence.

This means the local community supports it. Tasmanian Irrigation sits on the same side of the table as the community it partners.

Public-Private Partnership

TI develops schemes as public-private partnerships. This means that TI works closely with both Government and private landholders to work out how much water is wanted. The cost of building a scheme is then shared between the State and Commonwealth Governments and irrigators.

The public funding contribution recognises that the wider community will benefit from increased economic activity and employment over time. Private capital contributions are made through the purchase of tradeable water entitlements. Ongoing operating costs, including provision for asset renewal, will not be subsidised and will be met by annual charges levied on water entitlement holders.

TI provides the technical, financial and project management skills to progress schemes from concept development through feasibility, and construction to operations. All schemes developed by TI are designed to last 100 years, deliver water at an average reliability of greater than 95 per cent and are built to satisfy demand in each region.

